

111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 2900 Portland, OR 97204-3690

Tel +1 503 227.0634 Fax +1 503 227.7956 www.milliman.com

May 15, 2003

Retirement Board California State Teachers' Retirement System

Re: Cash Balance Benefit Program

Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2002

Dear Members of the Board:

At your request, we have performed an actuarial valuation of the Cash Balance Benefit Program of the State Teachers' Retirement Plan as of June 30, 2002. Details about the actuarial valuation are contained in the following report.

I certify that the information included in this report is complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge and belief. All calculations have been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices that are consistent with the applicable Standards of Practice adopted by the American Academy of Actuaries.

Milliman USA has been engaged by CalSTRS as an independent actuary. The undersigned is a Fellow of the Society of Actuaries, a Member of the American Academy of Actuaries, and an Enrolled Actuary, and is experienced in performing actuarial valuations for large public employee retirement systems.

Respectfully submitted,

Mark O. Johnson, F.S.A., M.A.A.A., E.A.

Principal and Consulting Actuary

MOJ:j



TABLE OF CONTENTS

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

- EXECUTIVE SUMMARY
- 2. FINDINGS OF THE ACTUARIAL VALUATION
 - Table 1 Statement of Program Assets
 - Table 2 Statement of Change in Program Assets
 - Table 3 Actuarial Balance Sheet
 - Table 4 Actuarial Gains and Losses
 - Table 5 Gain and Loss Reserve
 - Table 6 History of Cash Flow
 - Table 7 Schedule of Funding Progress
 - Table 8 Schedule of Employer Contributions
- OUTLINE OF THE PROVISIONS OF GOVERNING LAW
- 4. ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS
 - Table 9 Outline of Methods and Assumptions
 - Table 10 Mortality Rates
 - Table 11 Service Retirement
 - Table 12 Disability Retirement
 - Table 13 Withdrawal
 - Table 14 Merit Salary Increases
- 5. VALUATION DATA
 - Table 15 Summary of Statistical Information
 - Table 16 Active Participants by Age Group and Years of Service
- 6. GLOSSARY OF ACTUARIAL TERMINOLOGY



SECTION 1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Cash Balance Benefit (CBB) Program was established on July 1, 1996 (as the CB Plan). The number of participants has steadily increased in the first few plan years, as shown in the following chart.

Date of Valuation	Total Number of Participants	Accumulated Account Balances
June 30, 1997	495	\$ 164,078
June 30, 1998	3,505	1,727,705
June 30, 1999	6,412	5,000,613
June 30, 2000	9,552	10,350,720
June 30, 2001	12,015	16,938,474
June 30, 2002	14,554	25,080,056

The actuarial value of assets for this valuation is the Fair Market Value as certified to us by CalSTRS.

(\$Thousands)	Year Ended June 30, 2002	Year Ended June 30, 2001
Additions	,	•
Contributions	\$ 7,121	\$ 5,972
Earnings	<u>(943)</u>	(942)
Total Additions	\$ 6,178	\$ 5,030
Deductions		
Benefits	\$ 195	\$ 119
Expenses	<u>11</u>	8
Total Deductions	\$ 206	\$ 127
Net Increase (Decrease)	\$ 5,972	\$ 4,903
Net Assets		
Beginning of Year	\$15,768	\$10,868
Accounting Adjustments	8	(3)
Net Increase (Decrease)	5,972	4,903
End of Year	\$21,748	\$15,768



As of June 30, 2002, the Actuarial Obligation of the CBB Program exceeded the Fair Market Value of Assets by \$3,332,000. If the experience had emerged as assumed, the Unfunded Actuarial Obligation was expected to grow from \$1,170,000 to \$1,264,000.

The difference between the actual and expected Unfunded Actuarial Obligation is the actuarial loss for the year. There was an actuarial loss of \$2,484,000 due to investment returns less than 8%, and an actuarial gain of \$416,000 due to interest credits less than 8% during the year. The net actuarial loss was \$2,068,000.

(\$Thousands)	June 30, 2002	June 30, 2001
Actuarial Balance Sheet		
Actuarial Obligation	\$25,080	\$16,938
Actuarial Value of Assets	<u>21,748</u>	<u>15,768</u>
Unfunded Actuarial Obligation	\$ 3,332	\$ 1,170
Additional Earnings Credit	*	0
Additional Annuity Credit	0	0
Final Unfunded Actuarial Obligation	\$ *	\$ 1,170
Actuarial (Gain) or Loss		
Investment Return on Assets	\$ 2,484	\$ 2,057
Interest Credits on Accounts	<u>(416)</u>	(328)
Actuarial (Gain) or Loss	\$ 2,068	\$ 1,729
Expected UAO (Surplus) at End of Year	<u>1,264</u>	(559)
Total Unfunded Actuarial Obligation	\$ 3,332	\$ 1,170
* To be determined by the Teachers' Retiremen	nt Board after the actua	rial valuation.

If no Additional Earnings Credit is adopted, the ending balance in the Gain and Loss Reserve will be a negative balance of \$3,332,000. This negative balance will need to be offset by investment earnings in excess of the Minimum Interest Rate before future Additional Earnings Credits will be recommended.

Recommendation: Because the CBB Program currently has an Unfunded

Actuarial Obligation, we recommend that no Additional

Earnings Credit be granted at this time.



SECTION 2

FINDINGS OF THE ACTUARIAL VALUATION

An actuarial valuation is performed as of June 30 of each year, the last day of the Program's plan year. The primary purpose of the valuation is to determine the financial condition of the CBB Program through the measurement of the Gain and Loss Reserve. We also describe recent changes in the Program's financial condition and provide certain disclosure information in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 25.

The findings have been determined according to actuarial assumptions that were adopted on the basis of recent experience and current expectations of future experience. In our opinion, the assumptions used in the valuation are reasonably related to the past experience of the CBB Program and represent our best estimate of future conditions affecting the Program. Nevertheless, the emerging costs of the Program will vary from those presented in this report to the extent that actual experience differs from that projected by the actuarial assumptions.

ACTUARIAL VALUE OF ASSETS

The actuarial value of assets for this valuation is the Fair Market Value as reported by CalSTRS. A Statement of Program Assets for the last two plan years is shown in **TABLE 1**, and the Statement of Change in Program Assets is shown in **TABLE 2**.

ACTUARIAL BALANCE SHEET

Under the Traditional Unit Credit Actuarial Cost Method, when the assumed investment return is equal to the assumed interest crediting rate, the Actuarial Obligation is equivalent to the current sum of the Participants' Account Balances. **Table 3** shows the Actuarial Obligation for this and the prior valuation.

The excess of the Actuarial Obligation over the Actuarial Value of Assets is called the Unfunded Actuarial Obligation. If the Assets exceed the Actuarial Obligation, the difference is called the Actuarial Surplus.

Under normal conditions, the CBB Program should have an Actuarial Surplus. In the first two years of operation, the CB Plan had an Unfunded Actuarial Obligation because the administrative start-up costs far exceeded the investment return. With the merger of the CB Plan with the DB Plan, specifically with the sharing of administrative expenses in proportion to invested assets, the future expenses allocated to the CBB Program should be minimal each year. Therefore, to retain an Actuarial Surplus, the investment returns over a long period of time must exceed the combination of the Minimum Interest Rates,



the Additional Earnings Credits, and the Additional Annuity Credits. Although we expect this to be the case, the investment performance for the past several years has been significantly below the long-term assumption.

ACTUARIAL GAINS AND LOSSES

The Minimum Interest Rate for last year was 6.0% and the Board did not adopt an Additional Earnings Credit. Since the assumed total earnings rate is 8% per year, the Actuarial Obligation was less than expected by about \$416,000.

The assumed earnings rate on the invested assets is 8% per year. The actual return for the year was about –4.9% (assuming uniform cash flow through the year), which produced an investment loss of \$2,484,000.

The net actuarial loss due to these causes was \$2,068,000 as shown in TABLE 4.

GAIN AND LOSS RESERVE

TABLE 5 shows the derivation of the Gain and Loss Reserve. After each actuarial valuation, the Teachers' Retirement Board decides on the adjustment to the prior year's Gain and Loss Reserve and the Additional Earnings Credit, if any.

- The 1997 actuarial valuation determined the CB Plan had an Unfunded Actuarial Obligation of \$557,000. The Board did not adopt an Additional Earnings Credit after the 1997 valuation, so the Gain and Loss Reserve stood at \$(557,000).
- The 1998 actuarial valuation determined that the CB Plan had an Unfunded Actuarial Obligation of \$938,000. However, the Unfunded Actuarial Obligation was reduced by \$1,293,000 as of June 30, 1998, to reflect the value of the loan from the DB Plan which would be discharged due to the merger on January 1, 1999. Therefore, with an adjustment to reflect the merger, the CBB Program had an Actuarial Surplus of \$355,000. After the 1998 actuarial valuation was adopted, the Board allocated \$8,916 as Additional Earnings Credit, with the remainder of the Surplus remaining in the Gain and Loss Reserve.
- The 1999 actuarial valuation determined the Actuarial Surplus to be \$223,000 as of June 30, 1999. Therefore, with a Gain and Loss Reserve of \$346,000 there was an unallocated actuarial loss for the year of \$123,000. One reason for the change in the funding status of the CBB Program was the method used to charge expenses to the CB Plan. The level of expenses in the CB Plan during 1998-99 reflected a method of allocating administrative expenses that will no longer be applied. As a result, a principal cause of the 1998-99



actuarial loss will not occur in the future.

After the 1999 actuarial valuation, the Board allocated \$58,000 as Additional Earnings Credit, with the remainder of the Surplus remaining in the Gain and Loss Reserve.

- After the 2000 actuarial valuation, the Board did not adopt an Additional Earnings Credit. The entire unallocated gain of \$352,000 was distributed to the Gain and Loss Reserve, bringing the end of the year Gain and Loss Reserve to \$517,000.
- After the 2001 actuarial valuation, the Board did not adopt an Additional Earnings Credit. The entire unallocated loss of \$1,687,000 was distributed to the Gain and Loss Reserve, bringing the end of the year Gain and Loss Reserve to \$(1,170,000).
- After the adoption of the 2002 actuarial valuation, the Board will decide how
 to allocate this actuarial loss. If no Additional Earnings Credit is adopted, the
 end of the year Gain and Loss Reserve will be equal to \$(3,332,000).

ACCOUNTING DISCLOSURES

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 25 that describes the information to be disclosed in the System's financial reports. The required actuarial disclosures are shown in **TABLES 6, 7, AND 8**.

REMAINDER OF THE REPORT

The remainder of this report includes a summary of the benefit and eligibility provisions of the CBB Program in **Section 3**, the Outline of the Provisions of Governing Law.

A description of the actuarial methods and assumptions is included in **Section 4**. The assumptions are intended to estimate the future experience of the Participants of the CBB Program and of the System itself in areas that affect the projected benefit flow and anticipated investment earnings. Any variations in future experience from that expected from these assumptions will result in corresponding changes in estimated costs of the Program's benefits.

A summary of the participant data is shown in **Section 5**. The membership data for this actuarial valuation was supplied by CalSTRS and accepted without audit. We believe the membership data to be sufficient for the purposes of this valuation.

And finally, **Section 6** is the Glossary of Actuarial Terminology.



TABLE 1
STATEMENT OF PROGRAM ASSETS

(\$Thousands)	June 30, 2002	June 30, 2001	
Invested Assets			
Short-term investments	\$ 299	\$ 0	
Pooled Domestic Securities	6,547	6,737	
Pooled Domestic Equity	14,297	8,577	
Total Investments	\$ 21,143	\$ 15,314	
Receivables	607	462	
Liabilities	(2)	(8)	
Fair Market Value of Net Assets	\$ 21,748	\$ 15,768	



Table 2
Statement of Change in Program Assets

(\$Thousands)	Year Ended June 30, 2002	Year Ended June 30, 2001	
Additions			
Contributions Participants Employers Total Contributions	\$ 3,535 3,586 7,121	\$ 2,936 3,036 5,972	
Net Earnings	<u>(943)</u>	(942)	
Total Additions	\$ 6,178	\$ 5,030	
Deductions			
Benefit Payments Retirement, death, and survivor Refunds of Member contributions Total Benefits	\$ 0 <u>195</u> 195	\$ 0 119 119	
Expenses	<u>11</u>	8	
Total Deductions	\$ 206	\$ 127	
Net Increase (Decrease)	\$ 5,972	\$ 4,903	
Fair Market Value of Net Assets Beginning of Year Accounting Adjustments	\$ 15,768 8	\$ 10,868 (3)	
Net Increase (Decrease)	5,972	<u>4,903</u>	
End of Year	\$ 21,748	\$ 15,768	
Estimated Net Rate of Return (assuming uniform cash flow through the year)	-4.9%	-6.8%	



TABLE 3
ACTUARIAL BALANCE SHEET

(\$Thousands)	June 30, 2002	June 30, 2001	
Total Requirements			
Actuarial Obligation			
Retirees and Beneficiaries	\$ 0	\$ 0	
Inactive Participants	4,315	1,045	
Active Participants	20,765	<u> 15,893</u>	
Total Requirements	\$ 25,080	\$ 16,938	
Total Resources			
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$ 21,748	\$ 15,768	
Unfunded Actuarial Obligation	<u>3,332</u>	<u>1,170</u>	
Total Resources	\$ 25,080	\$ 16,938	
Funded Ratio	87%	93%	



Table 4
Actuarial Gains and Losses

(\$Thousands)	Actuarial Obligation	Actuarial Value of Assets	Unfunded Actuarial Obligation
Balance at June 30, 2001	\$ 16,938	\$ 15,768	\$ 1,170
Expected Changes			
Actual Contributions	7,121	7,121	0
Actual Benefits Paid	(195)	(195)	0
Expected Earnings / Credits	1,632	1,538	94
Expected Balance at June 30, 2002	\$ 25,496	\$ 24,232	\$ 1,264
Actuarial Gains or Losses			
(Gain) on Actuarial Obligation	(416)		(416)
(Loss) on Assets		(2,484)	2,484
Net (Gain) or Loss			2,068
Actual Balance at June 30, 2002	\$ 25,080	\$ 21,748	\$ 3,332



TABLE 5
GAIN AND LOSS RESERVE

(\$Thousands)	June 30, 2002	June 30, 2001
Unfunded Actuarial Obligation	\$ 3,332	\$ 1,170
Gain and Loss Reserve		
Beginning of Year	\$ (1,170)	\$ 517
Additional Earnings Credit	(1)	0
Additional Annuity Credit	0	0
Allocated to Funding	(1)	_(1,687)
End of Year Gain and Loss Reserve	\$ (1,170)	\$ (1,170)
Unallocated Gains and (Losses)	\$ (2,162)	\$ 0

(\$Thousands) Valuation Date	Available Reserves and Unallocated Gains (Losses)	Additional Earnings Credit Adopted	Final Gain and Loss Reserve
June 30, 1997	\$ (557)	\$ 0	\$ (557)
June 30, 1998	355	9	346
June 30, 1999	223	58	165
June 30, 2000	517	0	517
June 30, 2001	(1,170)	0	(1,170)
June 30, 2002	(3,332)	(1)	(1)

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ To be determined by the Teachers' Retirement Board after the adoption of this Actuarial Valuation.



TABLE 6
HISTORY OF CASH FLOW

(\$Thous	(\$Thousands) Expenditures During the Year						Fair Market
Year End	Contributions for the Year	Benefit Payments	Contribution Refunds	Expenses	Total	External Cash Flow	Value of Assets
1997	\$ 148	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 428	\$ 428	\$ (280)	\$ (393)
1998	1,544	0	0	466	466	1,078	790
1999	3,082	0	15	430	445	2,637 (1)	5,224
2000	4,955	0	59	4	63	4,892	10,868
2001	5,972	0	119	8	127	5,845	15,768
2002	7,121	0	195	11	206	6,915	21,748

⁽¹⁾ Excludes write-off of loan from the DB Plan of \$1,417,000 as of January 1, 1999.



TABLE 7
SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

1997 \$ 1998	(393)	\$ 164	\$ 557	(240)%	Φ		
			•••	(240)/0	\$	4,504	12%
	790	1,728	938	46%		18,838	5%
1999	5,224	5,001	(223)	104%		50,426	0%
2000 10	0,868	10,351	(517)	105%		70,605	(1)%
2001 1	5,768	16,938	1,170	93%		97,921	1%
2002 2	1,748	25,080	3,332	87%		89,871	4%



TABLE 8
SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

(\$Thousands)									
Year End	Annual Required Contribution	Contributed by Employers	Contributed by the State	Total Contributed	Percentage Contributed				
1997	\$ 74	\$ 74	\$ 0	\$ 74	100%				
1998	772	772	0	772	100%				
1999	1,562	1,562	0	1,562	100%				
2000	2,365	2,365	0	2,365	100%				
2001	3,036	3,036	0	3,036	100%				
2002	3,586	3,586	0	3,586	100%				



SECTION 3

OUTLINE OF THE PROVISIONS OF GOVERNING LAW

All of the actuarial calculations contained in this report are based upon our understanding of the Cash Balance Benefit (CBB) Program of the State Teachers' Retirement Plan as contained in Part 14 of the California Education Code. The provisions used in this valuation are summarized below for reference purposes.

MEMBERSHIP

Eligibility Requirement: Membership if employed at less than 50% of a full-

time position for a California school district, community college district, or county office of education which has elected to offer the CBB

Program.

Member: An eligible employee with creditable service subject

to coverage, who has contributions credited in the

Program or is receiving an annuity from the

Program.

ACCOUNT BALANCE

Account Balance: Nominal accounts established for the purpose of

determining benefits payable to the Member. Accounts are credited with Contributions, Minimum Interest Rate, and Additional Earnings Credits.

Contributions: Generally, Member Contributions are 4% of salary,

and Employer Contributions are 4% of salary.

Rules for Contribution rates may differ for Participants covered by a collective bargaining agreement, but the sum of the Member and

Employer contributions must equal or exceed 8% of

salary, and in no event can the Employer contribution rate be less than 4% of salary.

The Retirement Board may adjust Employer Contributions for a fixed number of years, but the adjustment shall not exceed 0.25% of salaries in

any plan year.



Minimum Interest Rate: Annual rate determined for the plan year by the

Retirement Board in accordance with federal laws and regulations. The Minimum Interest Rate is equal to the average of the yields on 30-year Treasuries for the twelve months ending in

February preceding the beginning of the plan year,

rounded to the next highest 0.25%.

Additional Earnings Credit: Annual rate determined for the plan year by the

Retirement Board based on the actual earnings during the plan year, but only to the extent the earnings are sufficient to credit the Minimum Interest Rate and provide any additions to the Gain and Loss Reserve deemed warranted by the Board.

Additional Annuity Credit: Annual rate determined for the plan year by the

Retirement Board based on the actual earnings during the plan year, but only to the extent the earnings are sufficient to credit the Minimum Interest Rate and provide any additions to the Gain and Loss Reserve deemed warranted by the Board.

NORMAL RETIREMENT

Eligibility Requirement: Age 60.

Benefit: The Account Balance at the retirement date subject

to limits imposed under Internal Revenue Code

(IRC) Section 415.

Form of Payment: The normal form of payment is a lump sum

distribution. Annuity options are available if the sum of the employer and employee accounts equal

or exceed \$3,500.

EARLY RETIREMENT

Eligibility Requirement: Age 55.

Benefit and Form: Same as Normal Retirement.

LATE RETIREMENT

Benefit and Form: Same as Normal Retirement.



Contributions and interest continue to be credited to

the Account Balances until distributed.

DEFERRED RETIREMENT

Benefit: A Member may cease active service, leave the

accumulated Account Balance on deposit, and later retire upon attaining the minimum age requirement.

DISABILITY BENEFIT

Eligibility Requirement: Determination by the Retirement Board that the

Member has a total and permanent disability.

Benefit: The Account Balance at the date of disability. An

annuity benefit is discontinued if the Member is reemployed before age 60, and performs service

creditable under the Program.

Form of Payment: Same as Normal Retirement.

DEATH BEFORE RETIREMENT

Eligibility Requirement: Deceased Member has an Account Balance.

Benefit: The Account Balance at the date of death payable

to the designated beneficiary.

Form of Payment: Same as Normal Retirement.

DEATH AFTER RETIREMENT

Eligibility Requirement: The deceased Member was receiving an annuity.

Benefit: According to the terms of the annuity elected by the

Member.

TERMINATION FROM THE PROGRAM

Eligibility Requirement: More than five years has elapsed since the most

recent termination benefit, if any, has been paid.

Benefit: Lump sum distribution of the Account Balance as of

the date of distribution. The benefit is payable one

year from the termination of credited service.



SECTION 4

ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

This section of the report describes the actuarial methods and assumptions used in this valuation. These procedures and assumptions have been chosen by the Teachers' Retirement Board based on our recommendations. The Board has the sole authority to select the methods and assumptions used in this actuarial valuation.

In our opinion, the current actuarial methods and actuarial assumptions are reasonable and appropriate for the CBB Program. The assumptions are intended to estimate the future experience of the Participants of the CBB Program and of the System itself in areas that affect the projected benefit flow and anticipated investment earnings. Any variations in future experience from that expected from these assumptions will result in corresponding changes in estimated costs of the Program's benefits.

The demographic assumptions are illustrated at selected ages and duration combinations in Tables 10 through 14.

STANDARDS OF PRACTICE

- ◆ The economic assumptions have been developed in accordance with the Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations.
- ◆ Because the CBB Program is relatively new and significant data was not available to develop demographic assumptions, the demographic assumptions adopted for this program were developed from the experience of the DB Program. The demographic assumptions have been developed in accordance with the Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 35, Selection of Demographic and Other Noneconomic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations.
- We relied on the membership data furnished by the System. Although we did not audit this data, we compared the data for this and prior reports and tested for reasonableness. Based on these tests, we believe the data to be sufficiently accurate for the purposes of our calculations. Our review of the data was performed in accordance with the Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 23, Data Quality.
- Methods and assumptions have been developed in conformance with the Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 4, Recommendations for Measuring Pension Obligations.



TABLE 9 OUTLINE OF METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

I. **Actuarial Methods** A. Cost Method **Traditional Unit Credit** B. Asset Valuation Method Fair Market Value II. **Economic Assumptions** Α. 8.00% Investment Return (net of investment and administrative expenses) B. Interest on Member Accounts 8.00% C. Wage Growth 4.25% D. Inflation 3.50% III. **Demographic Assumptions** A. Mortality Table 10 (1) Active - Male 1999 CalSTRS Retired – M (-2 years) Table 10 - Female 1999 CalSTRS Retired – F (-2 years) (2) Retired - Male 1999 CalSTRS Retired – M Table 10 - Female 1999 CalSTRS Retired – F Table 10 (3) Beneficiary - Male 1999 CalSTRS Beneficiary – M Table 10 - Female 1999 CalSTRS Beneficiary – F Table 10 Table 10 (4) Disabled - Male 1994 GAM-M (minimum 2.5% with select rates in first three years) 1994 GAM-F (minimum 2.2% with Table 10 - Female select rates in first three years) B. Service Retirement Table 11 **Experience Tables Disability Retirement Experience Tables** Table 12 C. Table 13 D. Withdrawal **Experience Tables** Merit Salary Increases **Experience Tables** Table 14



TABLE 10
MORTALITY RATES

	Active Participants				
<u>Age</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>			
25	0.051%	0.029%			
30	0.066	0.029			
35	0.080	0.037			
40	0.085	0.051			
45	0.107	0.077			
50	0.158	0.103			
55	0.258	0.157			
60	0.443	0.256			
65	0.798	0.509			

	Retired Pa	articipants	<u>Benefi</u>	<u>ciaries</u>	Disabled (A	After Year 3)
Age	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>
50	0.190%	0.121%	0.233%	0.121%	2.500%	2.200%
55	0.321	0.191	0.398	0.191	2.500	2.200
60	0.558	0.336	0.709	0.336	2.500	2.200
65	1.015	0.668	1.294	0.668	2.500	2.200
70	1.803	1.176	2.173	1.176	2.500	2.200
75	2.848	1.834	3.405	1.834	3.721	2.269
80	5.021	3.778	5.586	3.778	6.203	3.940
85	9.419	6.503	8.961	6.503	9.724	6.774
90	14.754	11.627	14.754	11.627	15.293	11.627
95	23.361	18.621	23.361	18.621	23.361	18.621
	Select rates for disability:					
			First year of disa	blement	11.4%	6.0%
			Second year of disablement		7.7	3.8
			Third year of disa	ablement	6.2	3.0



TABLE 11
SERVICE RETIREMENT

<u>Age</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>
54	1.5%	1.5%
55	5.0	6.0
56	3.5	4.0
57	4.0	4.0
58	6.0	6.0
59	15.0	9.0
60	20.0	12.0
61	14.0	13.0
62	14.0	17.0
63	25.0	25.0
64	25.0	25.0
65	20.0	19.0
66	16.0	16.0
67	16.0	16.0
68	16.0	16.0
69	16.0	16.0
70	100.0	100.0



TABLE 12
DISABILITY RETIREMENT

	Entry Ages - Male		Entry Ages - Female	
<u>Age</u>	Under 40	40 and Up	Under 40	40 and Up
25	0.021%		0.030%	
30	0.030		0.030	
35	0.051		0.051	
40	0.120		0.090	
45	0.150	0.196%	0.141	0.231%
50	0.195	0.288	0.231	0.360
55	0.270	0.390	0.318	0.459
60	0.330	0.529	0.390	0.588
65	0.380	0.852	0.459	0.915



TABLE 13
WITHDRAWAL

	Entry Ages - Male					
<u>Year</u>	Under 25	<u> 25 - 29</u>	<u> 30 - 34</u>	<u>35 - 39</u>	40 and Up	
1	12.5%	12.5%	12.5%	12.5%	12.5%	
2 3 4	9.5 7.7	9.5 6.8	9.2 6.8	9.2 6.8	9.5 7.2	
4	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	6.2	
5	5.0	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	
10	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.4	
15	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2		
20	0.6	0.6	0.6			
25	0.5	0.5				
30	0.3					
35	0.3					
40	0.3					
		En	try Ages - Fema	ale		
<u>Year</u>	<u>Under 25</u>	<u> 25 - 29</u>	<u> 30 - 34</u>	<u>35 - 39</u>	40 and Up	
1	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	
2	8.3	8.3	8.3	7.5	6.8	
3 4	7.7 7.1	7.3 7.1	6.5 5.6	5.5 4.5	5.3 4.0	
5	5.5	5.8	4.2	3.5	3.0	
10	2.3	2.0	1.7	1.4	1.6	
15	1.1	0.9	1.0	0.9		
20	0.6	0.7	0.9			
25	0.6	0.6				
30	0.3					
35	0.3					



TABLE 14
MERIT SALARY INCREASES

Yr.	Under 25	<u> 25 - 29</u>	<u> 30 - 34</u>	<u> 35 - 39</u>	<u>40 - 44</u>	<u>45 & up</u>
1	5.7%	5.3%	5.1%	4.9%	4.9%	3.5%
2	5.6	5.2	4.9	4.7	4.7	3.3
3	5.6	5.0	4.8	4.6	4.6	3.0
4 5	5.5	4.9	4.6	4.4	4.4	2.9
5	5.5	4.8	4.5	3.8	3.8	2.6
10	3.2	3.0	2.7	2.3	2.2	1.6
15	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.1	1.1	0.8
20	1.3	1.2	1.1	8.0	0.8	0.6
25	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.6	
30	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.5		
35	0.8	0.7	0.6			
40	0.8	0.7				



SECTION 5

VALUATION DATA

The membership data for this actuarial valuation was supplied by CalSTRS and accepted without audit. We have examined the data for reasonableness and consistency with prior valuations and periodic reports from the CalSTRS staff to the Teachers' Retirement Board.

We believe the membership data to be sufficient for the purposes of this valuation.

Tables 15 and 16 summarize the census data used in this valuation.

Note that prior to this year, active status was defined as a member with an "open" account. Beginning this year, active status is defined as a member with a balance and current year contributions.



TABLE 15
SUMMARY OF STATISTICAL INFORMATION

	June 30, 2002	June 30, 2001
Number of Participants		
Active Participants	9,261	11,274
Inactive Participants Retirees and Beneficiaries	5,293	741
Total Number of Participants	<u>0</u> 14,554	12,015
Accumulated Account Balances		
Member Contributions	\$ 12,541,528	\$ 8,513,463
Employer Contributions	<u>12,538,528</u>	<u>8,425,011</u>
	\$ 25,080,056	\$ 16,938,474
Active Member Statistics		
Annualized Salaries	\$89.9 million	\$97.9 million
Average Salary	\$ 9,704	\$ 8,686
Average Age	47.2 years	46.6 years
Average Service	2.2 years	2.1 years

Table 16
Active Participants by Age Group and Years of Service

Age Group	June 30, 2002	Years	June 30, 2002
Under 25	96	Under 1	2,796
25 – 29	576	1 – 2	1,898
30 – 34	921	2 – 3	1,695
35 – 39	1,069	3 - 4	1,360
40 – 44	1,180	4 and Over	1,511
45 – 49	1,465	Unknown	1
50 – 54	1,470	Total	9,261
55 – 59	1,213		
60 – 64	696		
65 and Over	547		
Unknown	<u>28</u>		
Total	9,261		

SECTION 6

GLOSSARY OF ACTUARIAL TERMINOLOGY

Account Balance: The nominal account amount of an individual's

benefit as of a specific date, determined in accordance with the terms of the plan. The

Account Balance is accumulated with contributions

and interest.

Actuarial Assumptions: Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events

affecting pension costs, such as mortality,

withdrawal, disablement, and retirement, changes in compensation, rates of investment earnings and asset appreciation or depreciation, procedures used to determine the Actuarial Value of Assets.

and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method: A procedure for determining the Actuarial Present

Value of pension plan benefits and expenses and for developing an actuarially equivalent allocation of such value to time periods, usually in the form of a

Normal Cost and an Actuarial Obligation.

Actuarial Gain or Loss: A measure of the difference between actual

experience and that expected based upon a set of Actuarial Assumptions during the period between two Actuarial Valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular Actuarial Cost Method.

Actuarial Obligation: That portion, as determined by a particular

Actuarial Cost method, of the Actuarial Present Value of pension plan benefits and expenses which

is not provided for by future Normal Costs.

Actuarial Present Value: The value of an amount or series of amounts

payable or receivable at various times, determined as of a given date by the application of a particular

set of Actuarial Assumptions.

Actuarial Surplus: The excess, if any, of the Actuarial Value of Assets

over the Actuarial Obligation.



Actuarial Valuation: The determination, as of a Valuation Date, of the

Normal Cost, Actuarial Obligation, Actuarial Value of Assets, and related Actuarial Present Values for

a pension plan.

Actuarial Value of Assets: The value of cash, investments and other property

belonging to a pension plan, as used by the actuary

for the purpose of an Actuarial Valuation.

Actuarial Equivalent: Of equal Actuarial Present Value, determined as of

a given date with each value based on the same

set of Actuarial Assumptions.

Normal Cost: The actuarial present value of benefits expected to

accrue in the plan year subsequent to the valuation

date. The Normal Cost is equivalent to the expected Member and Employer contributions for

the next year.

Traditional Unit Credit

Actuarial Cost Method:

A method under which the Actuarial Obligation is equal to the actuarial present value of benefits for

service accrued to the valuation date.

Unfunded Actuarial Obligation: The excess, if any, of the Actuarial Obligation over

the Actuarial Value of Assets.

Valuation Date: June 30, 2002.